### **Benefits of Southern Company Transport Gasifier Project**



### Clean Coal Power Initiative - Round 2 -

Demonstration of Air-blown Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle (IGCC) Power Plant with Coal-based Transport Gasifier

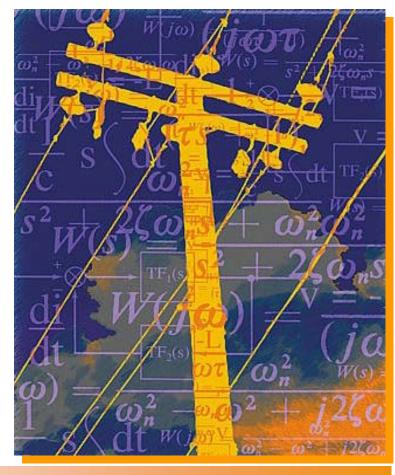
Nelson Rekos – Advanced Energy Systems Division National Energy Technology Laboratory





#### **Outline**

- Executive Summary
- Southern Company
   Services Project Basics
- Team Composition
- IGCC System Basics
- Oxygen versus Air-blown IGCC Systems
- Transport Gasifiers
- IGCC Flow Diagram
- Estimated Benefits
- Conclusion





#### **Executive Summary**

 Demonstration Projects are critical to successful commercialization of technology developed under the U.S. DOE Fossil Energy Program

- The Clean Coal Power Initiative (CCPI) is an important U.S DOE Demonstration Program
- Project partners will design, construct, and operate a coal-based transport gasifier as part of an Air-blown IGCC power plant under CCPI, Round 2





#### Southern Company Services Project Basics

- A full-scale demonstration of a highly efficient, fuel flexible, coal-based, air blown transport gasifier in an IGCC power plant
- 3,300 tons of sub-bituminous coal per day producing
   285 MW of electricity
- Project Cost: \$557 million (DOE share: \$235 million)
- Location: Stanton Energy Center, Orange County, FL
- Schedule:
  - 2005 Project Start
  - 2007 to 2009 Construction
  - 2010 to 2014 Operation





#### **Team Composition**

- Southern Company Services, Inc., Birmingham, AL
  - Project & Technology Management
- Southern Power Company, Birmingham, AL
  - Co-owner
- Orlando Utilities Commission (Orlando, FL)
  - Co-owner
- Kellogg Brown and Root (Houston, TX)
  - Technology Partner



#### **IGCC System Basics**

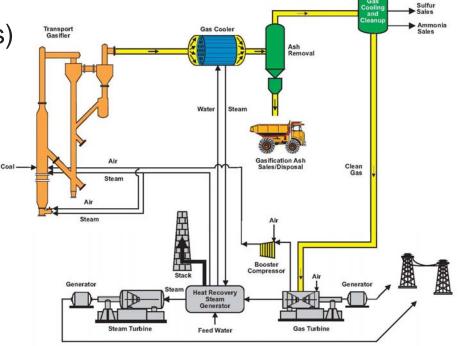
 IGCC plants use two power cycles, generating electricity more efficiently

> Coal is heated in a specialized process to release gas (syngas)

 Syngas is used in a turbine to generate electricity

 Then exhaust gas from the turbine is used to heat water, which produces steam to generate additional electricity

 Therefore, the amount of electricity generated from a ton of coal is increased





#### Oxygen versus Air-Blown IGCC Systems

- Coal gas is produced with oxygen in some IGCC plants
- Oxygen plants:
  - -are expensive to build
  - -require high levels of electricity to operate
  - reduce electricity available for sale to consumers
- Southern Company's Air-Blown IGCC system uses oxygen from the air to produce coal gas, increasing the overall efficiency of the plant
  - -Process does not require a costly oxygen plant



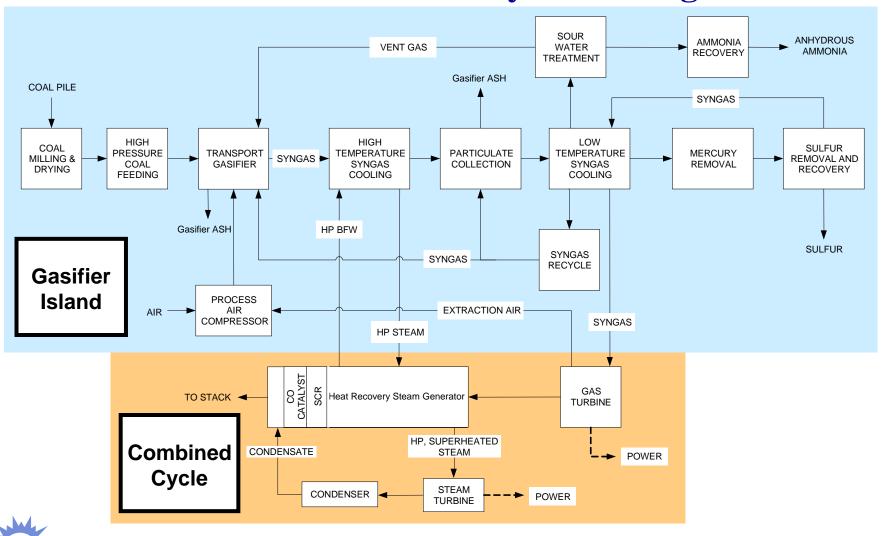
#### **Transport Gasifiers**

- Fluid Catalytic Cracker (FCC) technology, which is the basis for Transport Gasifiers, has a long track record, being used for more than 50 years in the petroleum refining industry
- Southern Company's Transport Gasifier, based on Kellogg Brown and Root's FCC technology, is:
  - fuel-flexible
  - unique because it can cost-effectively process low rank coals and coals with high moisture or high ash content
  - adaptable to other applications beyond power generation, such as chemical production
  - efficient (40.6%), operating at a heat rate of 8,400 Btu/kWh





#### Orlando Utilities Commission/Southern Company Services IGCC Summary Flow Diagram



# **Estimated Benefits** *Approach*

- Compare the IGCC Plant emission performance against standards for Clean Coal Technology Roadmap plant in 2020
- Compare scaled-up 500 MW Transport Gasifier Plant (more efficient than demonstration plant) to emission rates and capital and operating costs to those of other coal-based technologies of equal size



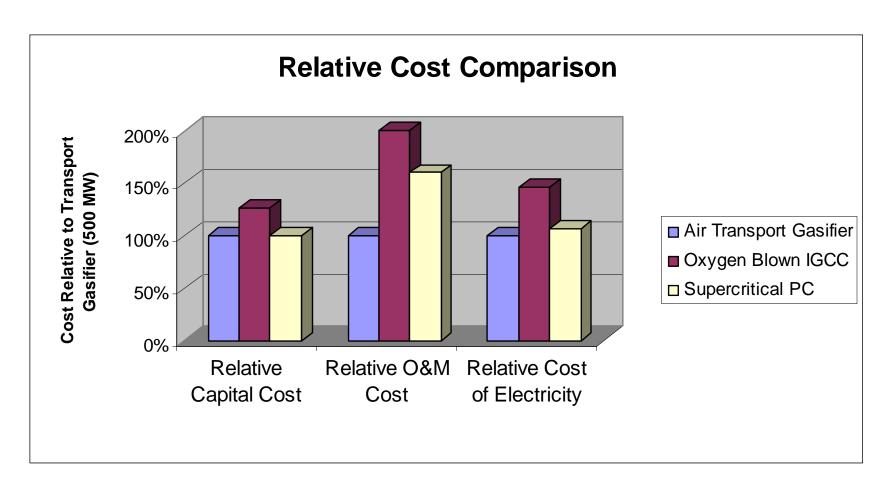


# **Estimated Benefits**Comparison Assumptions

- Benefits comparisons are based on the following plant configurations for a sub-bituminous coal:
  - -Oxygen-blown IGCC plant based on two gasifiers, two GE 7FA gas turbines, full heat recovery, methyldiethanolamine (MDEA) sulfur removal and 1,615 psia /1,000°F/1,000°F steam conditions
  - Supercritical PC plant with SCR & spray dryer absorption (SDA) 97% sulfur capture and 3,515 psia / 1,050°F/1,050°F steam conditions
  - -Transport Gasifier plant based on two gasifiers, two GE 7FA gas turbines, CrystaSulf sulfur removal and 1,815 psia/1,000°F/1,000°F steam conditions

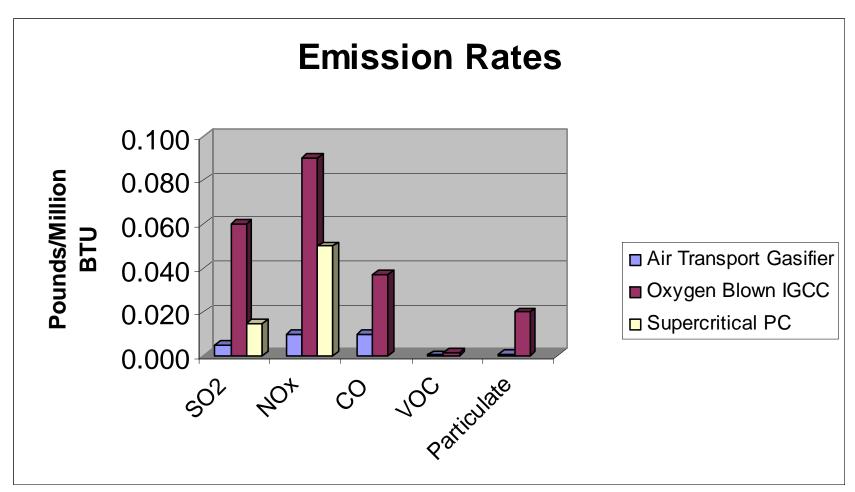


### **Estimated Benefits Financial**



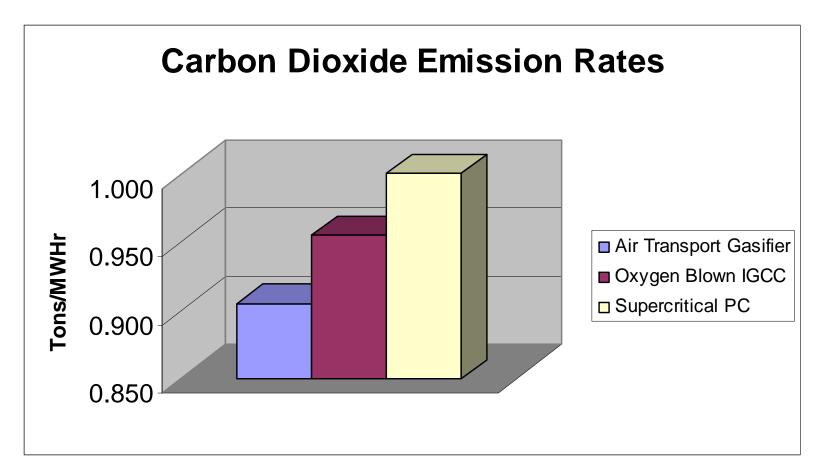


### **Estimated Benefits Emissions**





# **Estimated Benefits CO<sub>2</sub> Emission**





# **Estimated Benefits** *Reliability and Availability*

- Reduced number and duration of outages due to lower operating temperature extending refractory and component life
- Less maintenance on ash removal system than in more complex oxygen blown systems
- Air blown capability avoids oxygen plant maintenance issues
- Transport Gasifier requires no burners



### Estimated Benefits Combustion Utilization Byproduct

- All recovered sulfur marketable locally
- Gasifier ash tested and designated non-hazardous
  - Potential applications identified
  - Remaining ash can be land filled on-site
- Anhydrous ammonia recovered from process water
  - Utilized in demonstration
     SCR unit
  - Remainder consumed by units at the Stanton Energy Center or sold





### Estimated Benefits Regional

- Plant construction will create an estimated 1,800 jobs in Orange County, FL
- Reduced water consumption is incorporated into plant design
- On-site research projects, in partnership with the Florida Energy Office, can potentially expand the use of "next generation" hydrogen technology for fuel cells or vehicles





### Estimated Benefits National



#### Air-blown systems will be:

- one of the cleanest, simplest, and most robust methods for generating power from coal
- more energy and cost efficient than currently available oxygen-blown entrained-flow gasifiers
- fuel flexible, processing low rank coals and coals with high moisture or high ash content (half the proven reserves in U.S.)
- able to meet high environmental standards for SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, particulate, and mercury emissions
- adaptable to other applications, such as chemical production
- adaptable for carbon capture and sequestration technologies



#### **National Benefits (continued)**

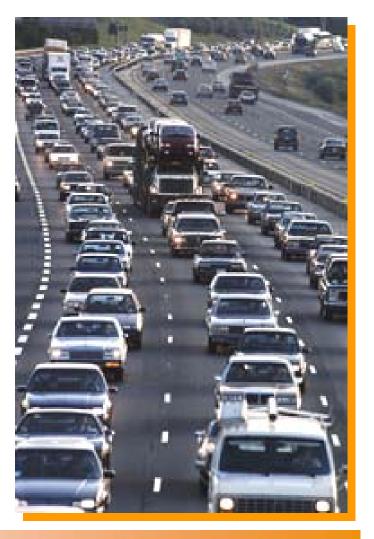
- Beneficial uses for gasifier ash have been identified
- The technology increases energy security by utilizing the Nation's sub-bituminous coal reserves
- Furthers environmental initiatives for America:
  - Clear Skies
  - Global Climate Change
  - FutureGen
  - Hydrogen





#### **Conclusion**

 Significant emissions and energy security benefits will result from the successful demonstration and commercialization of the Southern Company Services, Inc. Transport Gasifier and other technologies developed under the Clean Coal **Power Initiative** 





# Visit the NETL web site for information on all Power Plant Improvement Initiatives and Clean Coal Power Initiative projects

www.netl.doe.gov/coal/CCPI



